TIMOTHY, DeVOLT and COMPANY, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
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To the Board of Directors Park Glen Neighborhood Association, Inc. November 30, 2017

We have audited the financial statements of the Park Glen Neighborhood Association, Inc. for the year ended September 30, 2017, and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2017. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our engagement letter to you executed July 7, 2017 Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management (the Board of Directors) is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the Park Glen Neighborhood Association, Inc. are described in Footnote 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year ended September 30, 2017. We noted no transactions entered into by the association during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management (the Board of Directors) and are based on management's (the Board of Directors') knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the financial statements was:

Management's (the Board of Directors') estimate of the allowance for doubtful accounts is based on historical revenue, historical loss levels, and an analysis of the collectibility of individual accounts. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the allowance for doubtful accounts in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosure affecting the financial statements was:

The footnote dealing with the amounts allocated to the replacement fund for the year.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from the Board of Directors that are included in the management representation letter dated November 30, 2017.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the association's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

This information is intended solely for the use of the Park Glen Neighborhood Association, Inc. board of directors and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Timothy, DeVolt and Company, P.C.

Dallas, Texas

PARK GLEN NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION, INC.

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SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors

Park Glen Neighborhood Association, Inc.

Fort Worth, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Park Glen Neighborhood Association, Inc., which comprise the Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2017, and the related Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance, and Cash Flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Park Glen Neighborhood Association, Inc. as of September 30, 2017, and the results of its operations, and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Report On Supplementary Information

As discussed in Footnote 8, the Association's Management (The Board of Directors) has not conducted a reserve study on future major repairs and replacements, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Financial Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by the missing information.

Very truly yours,

Timothy, DeVolt and Company, P.C.

Timothy, DeVolt and Company, P.C. Certified Public Accountants November 30, 2017

PARK GLEN NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION, INC. BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS	C	PERATING FUND		ACEMENT UND		TOTAL
Cash, including interest-bearing deposits Assessments receivable, less allowance	\$_	667,475	\$		\$	667,475
for doubtful accounts of \$ 143,230		19,531				19,531
Prepaid insurance		14,025				14,025
Prepaid expense - other		2,570				2,570
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		703,601				703,601
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u></u>	703,601	\$	-	\$_	703,601
LIABILIT	TIES A	ND FUND BA	ALANCE	S		
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	2,100	\$		\$	2,100
Assessments received in advance	_	143,658				143,658
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		145,758		-		145,758
TOTAL LIABILITIES		145,758		-		145,758
FUND BALANCES / (DEFICITS)		557,843				557,843
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	703,601	\$	-	\$	703,601

PARK GLEN NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION, INC. STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

		PERATING	REI	PLACEMENT		
REVENUES		FUND		FUND		TOTAL
Regular assessments	\$	218,988	\$		\$	218,988
Late/collection charges		45,389				45,389
Miscellaneous income		34,953				34,953
Insurance proceeds		2,550				2,550
Interest income		399				399
TOTAL REVENUES		302,279		-		302,279
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Management fees		55,016				55,016
Social events		40,817				40,817
Common area maintenance		28,050				28,050
Office supplies & admin. costs		22,179				22,179
Legal & professional fees		17,799				17,799
Insurance expense		16,372				16,372
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		180,233		-		180,233
EXCESS REVENUES / (EXPENSES)	\$_	122,046	\$	-	\$_	122,046
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE / (DEFICIT)		435,797				435,797
ENDING FUND BALANCE / (DEFICIT)	\$	557,843	\$	-	\$_	557,843

PARK GLEN NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION, INC. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	OPERATING FUND		REPLACEMENT FUND		TOTAL	
	\$	122,046	\$		\$	122,046
Excess revenues/ (expenses)	Ф	122,040	Ф	-	Ф	122,040
Decrease / (Increase) in:						
Accounts receivable		2,412		-		2,412
Prepaid expenses		(828)		-		(828)
Increase / (Decrease) in:						
Accounts payable		1,154		-		1,154
Prepaid assessments		27,574		-		27,574
NET CASH PROVIDED/ (USED) BY OPERATIONS		152,358		-	-	152,358
NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH		152,358		-		152,358
CASH BALANCE, SEPTEMBER 30, 2016		515,117		-		515,117
CASH BALANCE, SEPTEMBER 30, 2017	\$	667,475	\$	-	\$_	667,475

FOOTNOTE 1: Park Glen Neighborhood Association, Inc. is a Texas non-profit corporation formed July 25, 1997. The purpose of the Association is to operate and maintain the Park Glen Neighborhood Association project. The project consists of 3,318 units and associated common areas located in Fort Worth, Texas.

FOOTNOTE 2: In preparing the financial statements, the Association has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through November 30, 2017, the date that the financial statements were available to be issued.

FOOTNOTE 3: The books and records for Park Glen Neighborhood Association, Inc. are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting.

FUND ACCOUNTING: The Association's governing documents provide certain guidelines for governing its financial activities. To ensure observance of limitations and restriction on the use of financial resources, the Association maintains its accounts using fund accounting. Financial resources are classified for accounting and reporting purposes in the following funds established according to their nature and purpose:

OPERATING FUND: This fund is used to account for financial resources available for the general operations of the Association.

REPLACEMENT FUND: This fund is used to accumulate financial resources designated for future major repairs and replacements.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS: For the purposes of these financial statements, cash and cash equivalents are deemed to be cash in bank checking, savings and money market accounts and time deposits with a maturity date of ninety days or less.

REVENUES: Revenues are accrued each year as the member assessments become due. Both the rate for members' assessments and the amount of any special assessments due are determined by the vote of the Board of Directors.

EXPENDITURES: Expenses are recognized when incurred, rather than when paid. Unbudgeted, non-emergency expenditures must be approved by the President, Treasurer or other member of the Board. All other expenditures, projects and services are contracted using competitive bidding policies. The Board of Directors has the final approval on all contracts.

See the accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.

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See the accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.

FOOTNOTE 3: (CONTINUED):

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE: Assessments receivable at the balance sheet date represent fees due from unit owners. The Association's policy is to retain legal counsel and place liens on the properties of homeowners whose assessments are ninety days or more delinquent. The Association has a lien right against each unit until all dues or assessments are paid, such liens being subordinate to governmental and mortgage liens and legal fees associated with foreclosure proceedings. Any excess assessments at year end are retained by the Association for use in the succeeding year.

ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS: The allowance for doubtful accounts has been determined by the Association based on historical losses and by estimates based on current economic conditions. At September 30, 2017, the allowance for doubtful accounts of \$ 143,230 represents approximately 88 % of the total accounts receivable and 88.40 % of the outstanding amounts in excess of ninety days.

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT: The Association assumed, from the developer, the responsibility to maintain and preserve the common areas of the project. Real property and common areas acquired from the developer and related improvements to such property are not recorded in the Association's financial statements because the Association cannot dispose of this property. The Association capitalizes personal property, if any, at cost and depreciates it using the straight-line method, over the applicable useful lives.

FEDERAL INCOME TAX: The Association must make an annual election to file its Federal Income Tax return either under the provisions of the Internal Revenue code dealing specifically with Homeowners Associations (Section 528) or Sub-Chapter A, dealing with corporations in general. Section 528 would impose a tax rate of 30% to the extent of the Association's non-exempt function net income, primarily vending, rental and interest income. Alternatively, Sub-Chapter A imposes a graduated tax on the Association's overall net income, if any.

As a result of the Association's operations for the year ended September 30, 2017, the Association has elected to file under Section 528. Income tax for the year was \$ -0-.

Currently, the open tax years available to audit by the IRS are September 30, 2015, September 30, 2016 and September 30, 2017. However, the Association has not been notified that any of these tax return years have been selected for audit by the IRS.

See the accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.

FOOTNOTE 3: (CONTINUED):

ESTIMATES: The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

FOOTNOTE 4: COMMITMENTS: The Association enters into various contracts for management and accounting, lawn maintenance, and other services. These contracts are generally for a term of one year, and may generally be canceled by either party giving 30 day's notice.

FOOTNOTE 5: FAIR VALUE: The Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, provides the framework for measuring fair value. The framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements), moderate priority to a valuation based on quoted prices in active markets for similar assets and liabilities and/or based on assumptions that are observable (level 2 measurements), and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The carrying amounts reflected in the September 30, 2017 balance sheet for cash and cash equivalents approximate the respective fair values. All cash and cash equivalents, including money market accounts, are held in banks. The Association currently has no money market accounts with non-federally insured institutions.

FOOTNOTE 6: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS: During the year ended September 30, 2017, Board and Committee members received \$ 6,409.15 for reimbursement of services obtained and miscellaneous expenses paid as of September 30, 2017.

FOOTNOTE 7: CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK: All noninterest-bearing transaction accounts are fully insured, regardless of the balance of the account, at all FDIC-insured institutions. Interest-bearing accounts are insured by the FDIC up to \$250,000. The Association has deposits at various banks, including Union Bank.

Union Bank has a Surety Bond approved by the Office of Thrift Supervision for the protections of Union Bank deposits in excess of the FDIC insurance limit. At September 30, 2017, the Association's combined interest-bearing accounts at Union Bank totaled \$522,694.14, of which \$250,000 were FDIC insured and the reminder protected by Union Bank's Excess Deposit Surety Bond Program.

FOOTNOTE 8: REPLACEMENT FUND: The Association has not conducted a study to determine the amount of future major repairs and replacements. The Association's governing documents generally provide for the levying for special assessments or the increasing of regular assessments when major repairs and replacements are needed. The Board of Directors, however, has not chosen to establish a replacement fund and to accumulate funds for the estimated costs of future major repairs and replacements.

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To the Board of Directors Park Glen Neighborhood Association, Inc. November 30, 2017

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Park Glen Neighborhood Association, Inc. as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Park Glen Neighborhood Association, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management (the board of directors) or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Association's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A fundamental concept in a good system of internal control is the separation of duties. The basic premise is that no one employee should have access to both physical assets and the related accounting records or to all phases of a transaction. If the separation of duties is inadequate, there is a resulting danger that intentional fraud or unintentional errors could occur and not be detected. Although the size of the entity's accounting staff might make complete adherence to this concept more difficult, we believe that adequate steps have been taken to segregate incompatible duties.

Management (the board of directors) is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls, including monitoring, and for the fair presentation in the financial statements of financial position, results of operations, and cash flows, including the notes to financial statements, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

At times, management (the board of directors) may choose to outsource certain accounting functions due to cost or training considerations. Such accounting functions and service providers must be governed by the control policies and procedures of the entity. Management (the board of directors) is as responsible for outsourced functions performed by a service provider as it would be for such functions performed internally.

Specifically, management (the board of directors) is responsible for management decisions and functions: for designating an individual with suitable skill, knowledge, or experience to oversee any outsourced services; and for evaluating the adequacy and results of those services and accepting responsibility for them.

As part of the audit, management (the board of directors) requested us to prepare a draft of your financial statements, including the related notes to the financial statements. Management (the board of directors) reviewed, approved, and accepted responsibility for those financial statements prior to their issuance; however, management (the board of directors) did not perform a detailed review of our work papers underlying the financial statements.

The existence of significant deficiencies or material weaknesses may already be known to management (the board of directors) and may represent a conscious decision by management (the board of directors) or those charged with governance to accept that degree of risk because of cost or other considerations. Management (the board of directors) is responsible for making decisions concerning costs and the related benefits. We are responsible for communicating significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in accordance with professional standards, regardless of management (the board of directors)'s decisions.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the association's board of directors, and others within the organization, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Timothy, DeVolt and Company, P.C.

Thomas Trimothy

Dallas, Texas